Center for Judicial Accountability, Inc. (CJA)

From:Center for Judicial Accountability, Inc. (CJA) [elena@judgewatch.org]Sent:Thursday, June 30, 2011 1:59 PMTo:James Tallon Jr. (jtallon@uhfnyc.org); Kathryn S. Wylde (kwylde@pfnyc.org); Mark Mulholland
(mmulholland@rmfpc.com); Richard Cotton (rick.cotton@nbcuni.com); Robert Fiske Jr.
(robert.fiske@davispolk.com); William C. Thompson Jr. (wthompson@sbsco.com); William
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'rhd@schlamstone.com'; Andrew M. Cuomo (appointments@exec.ny.gov); Andrew M. Cuomo
(katie.sherwin@exec.ny.gov); Assemblyman Sheldon Silver (silver@assembly.state.ny.us); Chief

Judge Jonathan Lippman (iross@courts.state.nv.us); Dean G. Skelos (skelos@nysenate.gov); sampson@senate.state.ny.us; spotts@senate.state.ny.us; Adriano Espaillat (espailla@nysenate.gov); Andrew J. Lanza (lanza@senate.state.ny.us); Betty Little (little@nysenate.gov); Bill Perkins (perkins@senate.state.ny.us); Charles J. Fuschillo (fuschill@senate.state.ny.us); Daniel L. Squadron (squadron@nysenate.gov); Eric Adams (eadams@senate.state.ny.us); John A. DeFrancisco (jdefranc@nysenate.gov); John J. Bonacic (bonacic@nysenate.gov); John J. Flanagan (flanagan@senate.state.ny.us); Jose M. Serrano (serrano@senate.state.ny.us); Kenneth P. LaValle (lavalle@nysenate.gov); Lee M. Zeldin (zeldin@nysenate.gov); Liz Krueger (lkrueger@senate.state.ny.us); Martin Malave Dilan (dilan@nysenate.gov); Michael F. Nozzolio (nozzolio@senate.state.ny.us); Michael Gianaris (gianaris@nysenate.gov); Michael J. Ranzenhofer (ranz@senate.state.ny.us); Neil D. Breslin (breslin@senate.state.ny.us); NYS Senate Judiciary Committee ; Ruth Hassell-Thompson (hasselit@senate.state.ny.us); Stephen M. Saland (saland@nysenate.gov); Thomas F. O'Mara (omara@nysenate.gov); Toby Ann Stavisky (stavisky@senate.state.ny.us); 'Daniel Wise'; 'Editorin-Chief Kris Fischer'; 'Editorial Board'; 'James Barron'; 'Metro Desk'; 'Michael Powell'; 'William Glaberson'; 'Henry Stern'; Morgan Pehme

Subject: AGAIN -- Is NY's Judicial Compensation Commission Violating the Open Meetings Law & its Video Broadcast Obligatios under Executive Order #3?

Attachments: 06-30-11-to-jud-comp-comm.pdf; 06-30-11-to-recipients-1pp.pdf

Attached is CJA's above-entitled June 30, 2011 letter to the New York State Judicial Compensation Commission – already faxed to its members and NYS' governmental leaders.

Our transmittal sheet to the indicated recipients is also attached.

Thank you.

Elena Sassower, Director Center for Judicial Accountability, Inc. (CJA) <u>www.judgewatch.org</u> cell: 646-220-7987

CENTER for JUDICIAL ACCOUNTABILITY, INC.

Post Office Box 3002 Southampton, New York 11969 Tel. (631) 377-3583

E-Mail: <u>cja@judgewatch.org</u> Website: <u>www.judgewatch.org</u>

June 30, 2011

TO: Governor Andrew M. Cuomo Temporary Senate President Dean G. Skelos Assembly Speaker Sheldon Silver Chief Judge Jonathan Lippman Senate Minority Leader John L. Sampson Senate Judiciary Committee Chairman John J. Bonacic; Ranking Member Ruth Hassell-Thompson; Member Eric Adams; Member Neil D. Breslin; Member John A. DeFrancisco; Member Martin Malave Dilan; Member Adriano Espaillat; Member John J. Flanagan; Member Charles J. Fuschillo, Jr.; Member Michael Gianaris; Member Liz Krueger; Member Andrew J. Lanza; Member Kenneth P. LaValle; Member Betty Little; Member Michael F. Nozzolio; Member Thomas F. O'Mara; Member Bill Perkins; Member Michael H. Ranzenhofer; Member Stephen M. Saland; Member Jose M. Serrano; Member Daniel L. Squadron; Member Toby Ann Stavisky; Member Lee M. Zeldin Witnesses at the 2009 Senate Judiciary Committee Hearings New York Committee on Open Government Richard H. Dolan, Esq. Reuters Jennifer Golson/Reporter Jesse Wegman/Editor **Other Press**

- FROM: Elena Ruth Sassower, Director Center for Judicial Accountability, Inc. (CJA)
- RE: AGAIN Is NY's Judicial Compensation Commission Violating the Open Meetings Law & its Video Broadcast Obligations under Executive Order #3?

Enclosed is the Center for Judicial Accountability's letter of today's date to New York's Judicial Compensation Commission – to which you are indicated recipients.

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Elena Ruth Sassower, Director Doris L. Sassower, President

June 30, 2011

- TO: New York's Judicial Compensation Commission William C. Thompson, Jr., Chairman Richard Cotton William Mulrow Robert Fiske, Jr. Kathryn S. Wylde James Tallon, Jr. Mark Mulholland
- FROM: Elena Ruth Sassower, Director Center for Judicial Accountability, Inc. (CJA)
- RE: AGAIN Is NY's Judicial Compensation Commission Violating the Open Meetings Law & its Video Broadcast Obligations under Executive Order #3?

Today is the 91st day of the Commission's statutorily-fixed 150-day existence. Yet, there has been no report by the press about the Commission's organizational meeting which, according to the now two-week old June 16th <u>Reuters</u> article "*New York judges ask for 41-percent raise, retroactive pay*", was to have been held <u>by today</u>.

Has the Commission held that meeting? If so, when? Was it before or after you received the Center for Judicial Accountability's June 23, 2011 letter alerting you to the Commission's obligations under the Open Meetings Law & Executive Order #3?

Enclosed, <u>again</u>, is our June 23^{rd} letter – to which we have received <u>no</u> response: either as to that issue or as to the disqualifying conflict of interest of Chairman Thompson, also the subject of the letter.

Likewise, we have received <u>no</u> response to our follow-up e-mail, sent two days ago, whose "subject" line was the question: "Is NY's Judicial Compensation Commission Violating the

^{*} Center for Judicial Accountability, Inc. (CJA) is a national, non-partisan, non-profit citizens' organization, working to ensure that the processes of judicial selection and discipline are effective and meaningful.

Open Meetings Law & its Video Broadcast Obligations under Executive Order #3?" and whose first paragraph was as follows:

"I have received no notice of the Commission's upcoming organizational meeting, setting its timetable and what information it will be seeking. Has the Commission notified the public and press – or is it intending to violate New York Open Meetings Law and its video broadcast obligations under Executive Order #3?"

What is your response?

New York State has a website for meeting notices and webcasts – <u>http://www.nysegov.com/webcast.cfm</u>. There are <u>no</u> meetings or webcasts identified for the Judicial Compensation Commission, which, although subject to the Open Meetings Law and Executive Order #3, is <u>not</u> even listed.

Please advise immediately.

Needless to say, CJA, witnesses from the 2009 Senate Judiciary Committee hearings, and other members of the taxpaying public wish to attend the Commission's meetings, <u>as is our right</u>.

Thank you.

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Enclosure: CJA's June 23, 2011 letter (with enclosures)

cc: Governor Andrew M. Cuomo Temporary Senate President Dean G. Skelos Assembly Speaker Sheldon Silver Chief Judge Jonathan Lippman Senate Minority Leader John L. Sampson Senate Judiciary Committee Chairman John J. Bonacic Ranking Member Ruth Hassell-Thompson The Committee's 21 Other Members - including Senator Eric Adams Witnesses at the 2009 Senate Judiciary Committee Hearings New York Committee on Open Government Richard H. Dolan, Esq. Reuters Jennifer Golson/Reporter Jesse Wegman/Editor Other Press

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Elena Ruth Sassower, Director Doris L. Sassower, President

June 23, 2	2011
TO:	Governor Cuomo's Appointees to New York's Judicial Compensation Commission William C. Thompson, Jr., Chairman Richard Cotton, Member William Mulrow, Member
FROM:	Elena Ruth Sassower, Director Center for Judicial Accountability, Inc. (CJA)
RE:	 Bringing Public Accessibility, Input, and Accountability to the Judicial Compensation Commission – Facilitated by the Open Meetings Law & Executive Order #3; and Chairman Thompson's Disqualifying Conflict of Interest, Requiring his Resignation

On June 10, 2011, Governor Cuomo released an announcement that you were his three appointees to the seven-member Judicial Compensation Commission and that he had designated "Bill Thompson" as its Chair.

In accepting such appointments, were you aware that two a half weeks earlier, on May 23, 2011, our non-partisan, non-profit citizens' organization, Center for Judicial Accountability, Inc. (CJA), had written Governor Cuomo about his failure to make his appointments to the Commission? We described the Commission as "inoperative and inaccessible to the public" – a characterization continuing to this date: Day 84 of the Commission's statutorily-limited 150-day existence on which it still has <u>no</u> telephone number, <u>no</u> fax number, <u>no</u> e-mail address, and, apparently, no office or staff.

Enclosed is our May 23rd letter to the Governor, additionally addressed to the three leaders of New York's other two government branches who had each previously made their Commission appointments: Temporary President of the Senate Skelos, Assembly Speaker Silver, and Chief Judge Lippman – with copies to their four Commission appointees, Robert Fiske, Jr., Kathryn S.

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Governor Cuomo's Appointees

Wylde, James Tallon, Jr., and Mark Mulholland. We received no response from any of them.

We also received <u>no</u> response from any of New York's other public officers who were indicated recipients of our May 23rd letter: Senate Minority Leader Sampson, Senate Judiciary Committee Chairman Bonacic, Senate Judiciary Committee Ranking Member Hassell-Thompson, and the Senate Judiciary Committee's 21 other members – notwithstanding the letter's content largely concerned their nonfeasance, including by its "RE" clause:

"(2) <u>Evidence Disentitling NYS's Judiciary to Increased Compensation</u>, Presented and Proffered by the Public at the NYS Senate Judiciary Committee's June 8, 2009 and September 24, 2009 Public Hearings – as to which There Has Been <u>No</u> <u>Investigation</u>, <u>No Findings</u>, and <u>No Committee Report</u>." (CJA's May 23rd letter, at p. 1, underlining in the original).

Meantime, on June 16th, <u>Reuters</u> reported, in an article by Jennifer Golson entitled "New York judges ask for 41-percent raise, retroactive pay":

"Commission chairman Bill Thompson said the commission is still in the early stages of its work. 'We have not established an agenda or a timetable yet,' he said, but added that the members will meet within the next two weeks to start planning a schedule and determine what information they will need."

We request that our May 23^{rd} letter be on the table for discussion by the Commissioners at the Commission's upcoming meeting – as its content is THRESHOLD. Indeed, <u>unless the Commission disagrees</u> with the proposition that corruption and lawlessness by New York's state judiciary, infesting its supervisory and appellate levels, would – *without more* – disentitle it to ANY boost in judicial compensation, the Commission's "FIRST order of business" must be – as the May 23^{rd} letter stated (at p. 4) – a request to Governor Cuomo, Temporary Senate President Skelos, Assembly Speaker Silver, and Chief Judge Lippman for their "assistance in securing factual findings as to [the] testimony and documentation" the public presented and proffered to the Senate Judiciary Committee in connection with its 2009 hearings on the Commission on Judicial Conduct and court-controlled attorney disciplinary system – as to which, as stated in our May 23^{rd} letter, "There Has Been <u>No Investigation, No Findings</u>, and <u>No Committee Report</u>."

On this THRESHOLD corruption issue, <u>Chairman Thompson suffers from disqualifying conflict</u> <u>of interest, requiring his resignation from the Commission</u>. His father, former Appellate Division, Second Department Justice William C. Thompson, was a key participant in the corruption of our judiciary – including of the Commission on Judicial Conduct, of which he was its highest-ranking judicial member for many years, and of the attorney disciplinary system, which he and his fellow Appellate Division justices utilized for ulterior, retaliatory purposes as an ongoing pattern and practice. The evidence of this, embodied in <u>four lawsuits we brought</u>, two against the Appellate Division, Second Department justices, including Justice

<u>Thompson, personally, and two against the Commission on Judicial Conduct</u>, was to have been submitted by CJA at the Senate Judiciary Committee's aborted December 16, 2009 public hearing. This can be *readily-verified* from the written statement CJA drafted for that hearing and subsequently provided to Senate Judiciary Committee Member Adams to reinforce his suggestion, made at the September 24, 2009 hearing, that a task force be formed to examine the scathing testimony and evidence the Committee was receiving.¹

Our December 16, 2009 statement describes the record of our four lawsuits as:

"<u>perfect</u> 'paper trails' establishing, *prima facie*, how New York state judges and the federal courts, aided and abetted by New York's Attorney General, obliterated ALL cognizable legal standards in fraudulent judicial decisions that falsified and omitted the material facts and controlling law to protect and perpetuate New York's <u>verifiably-corrupt</u> attorney disciplinary system and Commission on Judicial Conduct." (CJA's December 16, 2009 statement, at p. 3, underlining, italics, and capitalization in the original).²

A link to this December 16, 2009 statement appears on our website, <u>www.judgewatch.org</u>, on the webpage indicated by our May 23rd letter (at p. 3) as devoted to the Senate Judiciary Committee's 2009 hearings. It opens to a further webpage which not only posts the statement, but the primary-source record documents that were to be submitted to the Senate Judiciary Committee in substantiation.

That link will now be included with this letter on CJA's newly-created webpage "Bringing Transparency, Evidence, & Public Accountability to the One-Sided, Media-Created View (Swallowed Whole from the Legal-Judicial Establishment) that NY Judges are Underpaid & Entitled to a Raise", accessible *via* the top panel "Latest News". To further assist Chairman Thompson – and the other Commissioners – in recognizing that he must resign from the Judicial Compensation Commission, the succession of judicial misconduct complaints we filed with the Commission on Judicial Conduct against and involving his father – and which were exhibits to our two lawsuits against it – will now be highlighted in bold on the webpage and identify Justice Thompson's name in parentheses.

1

See page 3 of CJA's May 23, 2011 letter – and its annotating footnote 2.

² Highlighting the critical importance of the record in evaluating judicial decisions – and that judges slant, misstate, and make up facts to fit the outcomes they desire in the cases before them – is the 2009 law review article "*Legal Autopsies: Assessing the Performance of Judges and Lawyers Through the Window of Leading Contract Cases*", 73 <u>Albany Law Review</u> 1), by Gerald Caplan: "assessment is not possible without access to the record" (at p. 3); "Performance assessment cannot occur without close examination of the trial briefs, oral argument and the like..." (at p. 53).

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As CJA's May 23rd letter further identified (at p. 3) that the Commission on Judicial Compensation is empowered to "hold public hearings" and that we would be requesting that it do so:

"to ensure that its work is informed by evidence-based facts as to the supposed quality of our state judges entitling them to increased compensation, including the quality of those judges who have complained that they are underpaid",

this letter constitutes that formal request.

Finally, we have verified with New York's Committee on Open Government (518-474-2518) that the Judicial Compensation Commission is subject to the Open Meetings Law. This means that ALL Commission meetings – including its upcoming meeting to set an agenda, timetable, and what information it will need – must be open to the public, with advance notice to the public and news media of the time and place, and, further, that minutes must be taken and made publicly available. Indeed, under former Governor Spitzer's Executive Order #3 "Promotion of Public Access to Government Decisionmaking" — which the Committee on Open Government informed us also applies – the Commission's meetings are required to be videoed and broadcast on the internet.

To facilitate public access to the Commission's meeting notices, meeting minutes, and videocasts, CJA requests that the Commission establish a website – and that it post relevant background materials, such as the FULL record of the judiciary's lawsuits underlying the Court of Appeals' self-serving, constitution-repudiating February 23, 2010 decision on judicial compensation³, as well as ALL submissions the Commission receives on the judicial compensation issue. This would include the 247-page report by the Coalition of New York State Judicial Associations, requesting a 41% pay increase and retroactive pay, reported by the June 16^{th} Reuters article.

Despite phone messages for the report on June 20^{th} , left on the voice mail of Coalition organizer Brooklyn Family Court Judge Daniel Turbow (347- 401-9870) and with the law clerk of the report's author, Albany Family Court Judge W. Dennis Duggan (518-285- 8681), they have not furnished us with a copy. Fortunately, the report has since been posted on the internet by <u>Reuters</u>. Hopefully, it will also be posting this letter and our May 23^{rd} letter, after writing a story about their content – and about CJA's People's Coalition of Taxpayers Opposed to Pay Raises for New York's Judges.

³ The Court of Appeals' flagrant self-interest and disregard for the New York State Constitution was shockingly evident at the January 12, 2010 oral argument of these lawsuits in its exchange with Richard H. Dolan, Esq., counsel for the Governor and Legislature. The video is posted on CJA's website on our aboveindicated newly-created webpage.

Governor Cuomo's Appointees

Page Five

Thank you.

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Enclosures: CJA's May 23, 2011 letter "New York judges ask for 41-percent raise, retroactive pay", <u>Reuters</u>, June 16, 2011, by Jennifer Golson

Other Appointed Members of the Judicial Compensation Commission: cc: Robert Fiske, Jr.; Kathryn S. Wylde; James Tallon, Jr.; Mark Mulholland Governor Andrew M. Cuomo Temporary Senate President Dean G. Skelos Assembly Speaker Sheldon Silver Chief Judge Jonathan Lippman Senate Minority Leader John L. Sampson Senate Judiciary Committee Chairman John J. Bonacic Ranking Member Ruth Hassell-Thompson The Committee's 21 Other Members - including Senator Eric Adams Witnesses at the 2009 Senate Judiciary Committee Hearings New York Committee on Open Government Richard H. Dolan, Esq. Jennifer Golson, Reuters **Other Press**

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Elena Ruth Sassower, Director Doris L. Sassower, President

May 23, 2011

TO:	Andrew M. Cuomo, Governor of the State of New York Dean G. Skelos, Temporary President of the New York State Senate Sheldon Silver, Speaker of the New York State Assembly Jonathan Lippman, Chief Judge of the State of New York
FROM:	Elena Ruth Sassower, Director Center for Judicial Accountability, Inc. (CJA)
RE:	
KE.	(1) NYS's Commission on Judicial Compensation – Inoperative & Inaccessible to the Public;
	(2) <u>Evidence Disentitling NYS's Judiciary to Increased Compensation</u> , Presented and Proffered by the Public at the NYS Senate Judiciary Committee's June 8,
	2009 and September 24, 2009 Public Hearings – as to which There Has Been No
	Investigation. No Findings, and No Committee Report.

On December 10, 2010, lame-duck Governor David Paterson signed into law legislation he had submitted to the lame-duck Legislature on November 29, 2010, which it passed that very night, with no public input or true deliberative process, creating a Commission on Judicial Compensation to potentially hike compensation for New York State judges¹

The law fixes April 1, 2011 as the date for the Commission's establishment, with the date of its dissolution being not later than 150 days thereafter, upon submission of a report to the Governor, Legislature, and Chief Judge containing its "findings, conclusions, determinations and recommendations". Such recommendations "have the force of law", unless modified or abrogated by statute prior to April 1st of the year to which the recommendations apply.

¹ Governor Program No. 333; Assembly Bill A42010; Senate Bill S68010.

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Appointing Authorities

Of the Commission's seven members, the Governor appoints three, the Temporary President of the Senate appoints one, the Assembly Speaker appoints one, and the Chief Judge appoints two. From these seven, the Governor designates the chair.

On April 14, 2011, unable to find contact information for the Commission and aware of Chief Judge Lippman's appointment to the Commission of Robert Fiske, Jr. and Kathryn S. Wylde, which he announced in his February 15, 2011 State of the Judiciary address, I telephoned the Office of Court Administration. It had no phone number or other contact information for the Commission. Four days later, its counsel's office called me back, stating that the Commission didn't have an "actual office", didn't have any staff, and was "still being set up". It gave me the names of only two other Commission members: John R. Dunn and Milton Mollen – stated to be appointees of the Governor.

As of this date -53 days into the Commission's 150-day existence - it appears that the Commission still doesn't have an "actual office", still doesn't have any staff, and is still "being set up". Indeed, neither the internet nor directory assistance has any contact information for the Commission. This includes directory assistance for New York State government: 518-474-2121.

On Friday, May 20th, upon telephoning Governor Cuomo's office, I learned that the Governor has not made any appointments to the Commission, nor, by reason thereof, designated its chair. Thereupon calling the legislature, I learned that Assembly Speaker Silver did not make his appointment to the Commission until April 29th – appointing James Tallon, Jr., unaccompanied by any press release or other statement. Likewise no press release or statement accompanied the appointment of Mark Mullholland by Temporary Senate President Skelos on February 14th.

In determining the adequacy of judicial compensation, the law charges the Commission with taking "into account all appropriate factors". Surely you would agree that topping the list of "appropriate factors" would be evidence that New York's state judiciary is, at all levels, pervasively corrupt and lawless. As to this, our New York-based nonpartisan, nonprofit citizens' organization, Center for Judicial Accountability, Inc. (CJA), intends to make a FULLY-DOCUMENTED presentation, vigorously opposing any increase in judicial compensation until mechanisms are in place and functioning to remove a multitude of miscreant judges who deliberately pervert the rule of law and any semblance of justice and whose decisions are nothing short of "judicial perjuries", being knowingly false and fabricated. Such judges, willfully destroying the lives of countless New Yorkers, the wellbeing of our state, and our democracy as a whole, are unworthy of their current salaries and benefits – being paid by hardworking New Yorkers.

The corruption and lawlessness of New York's state judiciary, infesting its supervisory and appellate levels, collusively condoned by the New York State Commission on Judicial Conduct, was the subject of testimony by more than two dozen New Yorkers, including lawyers, at

Appointing Authorities

Page Three

May 23, 2011

hearings held by the New York State Senate Judiciary Committee on June 8, 2009 and September 24, 2009. You can hear for yourselves what these New Yorkers had to say, as the full videos of both hearings are posted on CJA's website, <u>www.judgewatch.org</u>, accessible *via* the top panel "Latest News" and, additionally, *via* the sidebar panel "Judicial Discipline: State-NY".

As reflected by the videos –and by the transcripts of the hearings, which are also posted – the Senate Judiciary Committee could not accommodate all the members of the public who clamored to testify – and its then chairman, Senator John Sampson, promised that the Committee would hold additional hearings. He also endorsed a proposal by fellow Committee member Senator Eric Adams that a task force be appointed to assist the Committee in addressing the mountain of information and evidence the public was presenting of corruption.² Yet, no task force was appointed and the Senate Judiciary Committee's continued hearings were aborted. A third hearing, calendared for December 16, 2009 – at which CJA was slated to testify – was cancelled and not re-scheduled. To date, the Senate Judiciary Committee has NOT rendered <u>any</u> report nor made <u>any</u> findings with respect to the mountain of documentary evidence of systemic judicial corruption it received at the two hearings. Indeed, its 2009 annual report, purporting to "detail the activities of the Judiciary Committee" in 2009, contains <u>no</u> reference to the hearings – the first legislative hearings on the Commission in 22 years.

As the Commission on Judicial Compensation is empowered to "hold public hearings", CJA will be requesting that it do so – to ensure that its work is informed by evidence-based facts as to the supposed quality of our state judges entitling them to increased compensation, including the quality of those judges who have complained that they are underpaid.

There must be NO increase in judicial compensation UNTIL there is an official investigation of the testimony and documentation that the public provided and proffered to the Senate Judiciary Committee in connection with its 2009 hearings and UNTIL there is a publicly-rendered report with factual findings with respect thereto. CJA, therefore, calls upon you – our leaders of our three branches of New York State's government – to take steps to ensure that IF the Senate Judiciary Committee does not undertake the investigation and report, as is its duty to do – that you secure same, be it by a special prosecutor appointed by the Governor, by a task force appointed by the Legislature, or by the Chief Judge's appointment of an inspector general and commission for such purpose.

²

Senator Adams' eloquent words, at the September 24, 2009 hearing, were as follows:

[&]quot;...This is extensive...The best way to resolve inefficiencies and corruption in government is to allow people who are personally touched by the matter to empower us with information. So I am going to ask the Chair if he will put in place a task force that will be comprised of individuals like yourself and those who are victims to assist us in navigating how this problem is being hidden from public view." (transcript at pages 37-38; video at 0:34:44).

A copy of this letter is being furnished to former Senate Judiciary Committee Chairman Sampson, who, as Senate Minority Leader, is a member of the Commitee *ex officio*, as well as to the Senate Judiciary Committee's current chairman, Senator John Bonacic, its ranking member, Senator Ruth Hassell-Thompson – as well as its 21 other members – Senator Adams among them – so that they may identify for you, for the Commission on Judicial Compensation, and for the public, what they intend to do with the information and documentation the public supplied and proffered the Senate Judiciary Committee for its June 8, 2009 and September 24, 2009 hearings – and aborted December 16, 2009 hearing.

As the law creating the Commission on Judicial Compensation expressly entitles it to request and receive:

"such facilities, resources and data of any court, department, division, board, bureau, commission, agency or public authority of the state or any political subdivision thereof...to carry out properly its powers and duties"

and to

"reasonable assistance from state agency personnel as necessary for the performance of its functions",

the Commission is empowered to request your assistance in securing factual findings as to that testimony and documentation. Needless to say, such request should be the Commission's FIRST order of business.

Elena Rug 2 Naveson

cc: Appointed Members of the Commission on Judicial Compensation: Robert Fiske, Jr. Kathryn S. Wylde James Tallon, Jr. Mark Mullholland Senate Minority Leader John L. Sampson Senate Judiciary Committee Chairman John J. Bonacic Ranking Member Ruth Hassell-Thompson 21 Other Committee Members – including Senator Eric Adams Witnesses at the 2009 Senate Judiciary Committee Hearings Press

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New York judges ask for 41-percent raise, retroactive pay

6/16/2011 COMMENTS (0) NEW YORK, June 16 (Reuters) - A coalition of more than 1,100 New York judges has asked the state's newly-created Judicial Compensation Commission for a 41-percent pay hike, after more than a dozen years without a raise.

The request would increase the salary for state trial-court judges to \$192,500 from \$136,700, where it has held steady since 1999.

The figure is the centerpiece of a 247-page report compiled by the Coalition of New York State Judicial Associations, which includes groups representing nearly 90% of the state judiciary, from Supreme Court justices to Family, Criminal, and Housing Court judges.

The report, which was delivered to the compensation commission this week, lands amidst a \$170-million cut to the state court system's budget, which has led to the layoffs of 411 non-judicial court employees and the demotion or transfer of 241 others.

"While it is very unfortunate that there is a need to lay off some workers, judges are the only State employees who have not received any raises over the last 12 years, although their case loads have increased dramatically during that time," Brooklyn Family Court Judge Daniel Turbow, who organized the coalition, wrote in an email.

"It is grossly unfair to suggest that the judges, who did not obtain any raises during times of plenty, should continue to be singled out as the lone group not entitled to a salary increase," Turbow added.

The report estimates that the requested raises will cost \$78 million, but points out that even so, the judges' salaries "will approach, but still significantly lag behind" the salaries of judges in the nation's five other largest metropolitan areas, when adjusted for cost of living.

COMMISSION IN PLACE

The commission, a seven-member panel established in 2010 by former Gov. David Paterson, was slated to begin work on April 1, but was not filled out until last Friday, when Gov. Andrew Cuomo made the final three appointments. The members have until the end of August to make salary recommendations, which would take effect on April 1, 2012, and last for four years, unless modified or repealed by statute.

Commission chairman Bill Thompson said the commission is still in the early stages of its work. "We have not established an agenda or a timetable yet," he said, but added that the members will meet within the next two weeks to start planning a schedule and determine what information they will need.

The report may provide the commission with a substantial chunk of that information.

Authored by Albany Family Court Judge W. Dennis Duggan, the report was partly the result of dissatisfaction with several elements of the legislation that created the commission, said Turbow.

In particular, the judges were upset that the raises would not take effect until 2012, that the legislature would have the ability to block a judicial raise, and that there was no provision for a retroactive salary increase.

"The judges believed it was necessary to present a position on their own behalf, independent of that presented by the Office of Court Administration," Turbow said in an interview.

LUMP-SUM PAYMENT

In addition to the requested 2012 raise, the report calls for a lump-sum payment equal to the cost-of-livingadjusted, or COLA, salary levels for each year since 2005.

The report also noted that since the last judicial raise in 1999, the Consumer Price Index has increased 41 percent. During that time, it said, 220,000 non-judicial state employees have received raises totaling 44 percent.

While the report focuses on the state's approximately 380 Supreme Court justices, who earn \$136,700, the coalition requests that all trial judges at the county level and above should receive the same salary, and asks that the chief judge's salary be "markedly increased" to \$290,000.

"Not only is the chief judge the leader of the Court of Appeals, our highest court, but also the leader of one of the largest, most complex court systems in America," it said.

Duggan acknowledged that the average person who doesn't make \$136,700 might find a 41-percent raise "astounding."

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Strauss-Kahn told police in New York he had immunity "But the average person didn't have to have 20 years of education and 10 years of experience and then get elected to get their jobs," he said.

If judges had received normal cost-of-living adjustments, he added, "nobody would be objecting to our pay."

The report notes that previous state budgets have included allocations for judicial raises. For example, in 2006 the legislature and Governor George Pataki approved a budget that contained a \$69.5 million appropriation for judicial salary increases.

"The taxpayers paid for a judicial pay raise that the judges never got," the report said.

The report also suggests revenue sources the state could tap to fund judicial raises, such as passing a sugared-drink tax, increasing the bottle tax, or not letting the "millionaire's tax" expire.

(Reporting by Jennifer Golson)

(Corrects paragraph 16, which erroneously stated that there are 800 Supreme Court justices in New York. There are approximately 380 Supreme Court justices.)

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